Missouri Botanical Garden

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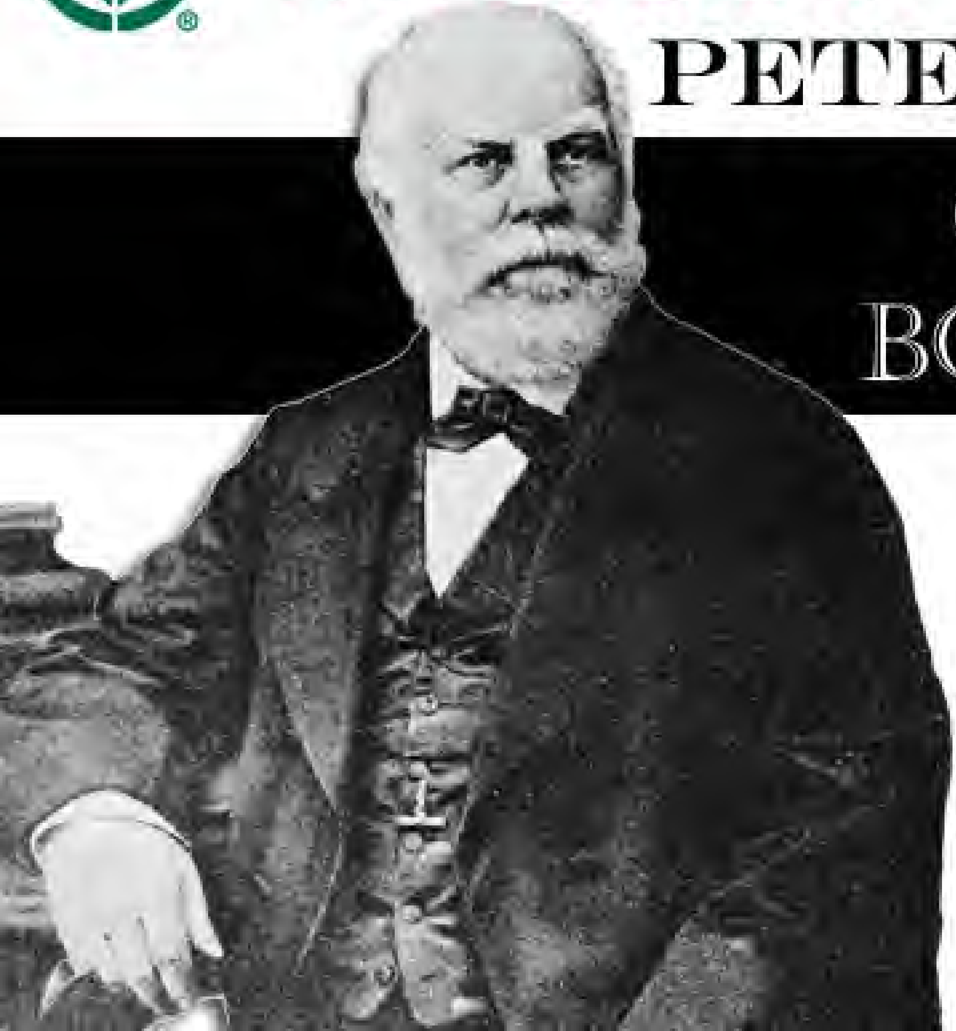


GEORGE ENGELMANN BOTANICAL NOTEBOOKS

Pagination Note:
Since many of the items lack a specific page number, the page number displayed online refers to the sequentially created number each item was given upon cataloging the materials.

E. alata

887-8

It may not be out of place to add the following precautions: — Never observe through a window pane; even the best plate glass will distort the sun's image and vitiate the results. Arrange to observe the contacts of the sun with the wire as near the middle of the field as possible. Never disturb the mirror clamp between the two observations, as upon the fixity of this adjustment depends the precision of the result. If the sun is partially obscured by cloud, the observation can be often made by removing the cap containing the dark glass. Accurate results cannot be expected when the sun is within, say, two hours of noon, as the sun changes its altitude very slowly near the meridian.

The most rapid motion in altitude occurs, of course, when the sun is near the prime vertical, or directly east or west; but in this case not only is the sun too near the horizon to be observed advantageously, but the interval between the two observations being large, *irregularities* in the rate of the time-piece used will affect the accuracy of the result. (The mere *amount* of the rate, if it is regular, has no effect on the deduced clock error.) In general, the times from two to four hours from noon, before or after, will be found to give the best results. It will generally be found convenient to take the morning and afternoon observations at different points — in different rooms, for instance. It is scarcely necessary to say that in carrying the instrument about between observations, it should be held in a slightly inclined position, so that the pendulum, resting against the side of the tube, cannot swing about and jar the mirror adjustment.

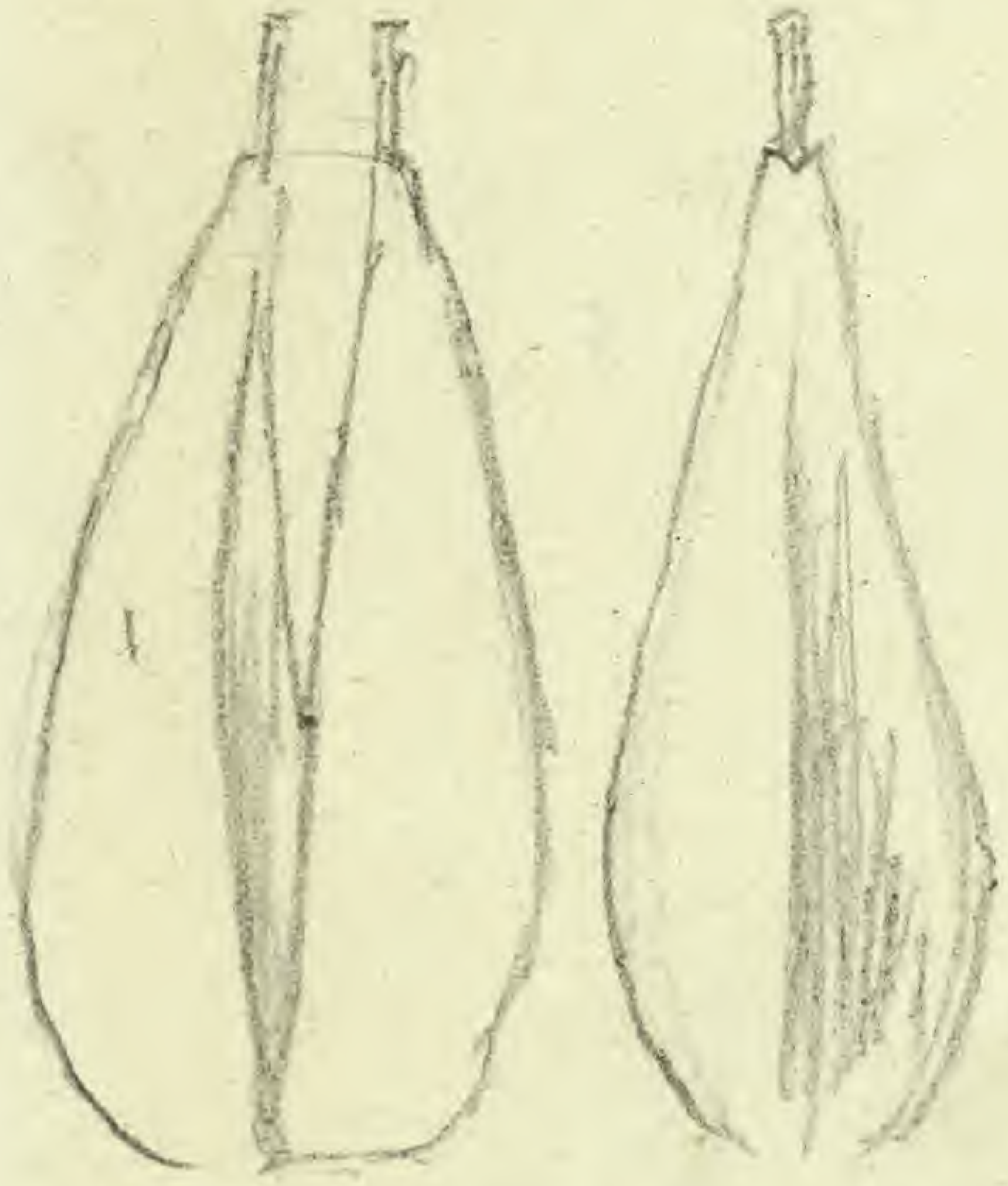
This instrument has been patented and a number manufactured to supply a limited demand, which will be sold at the price of $15 each. Orders or inquiries may be addressed to Box 2725, Boston, Mass.

13461

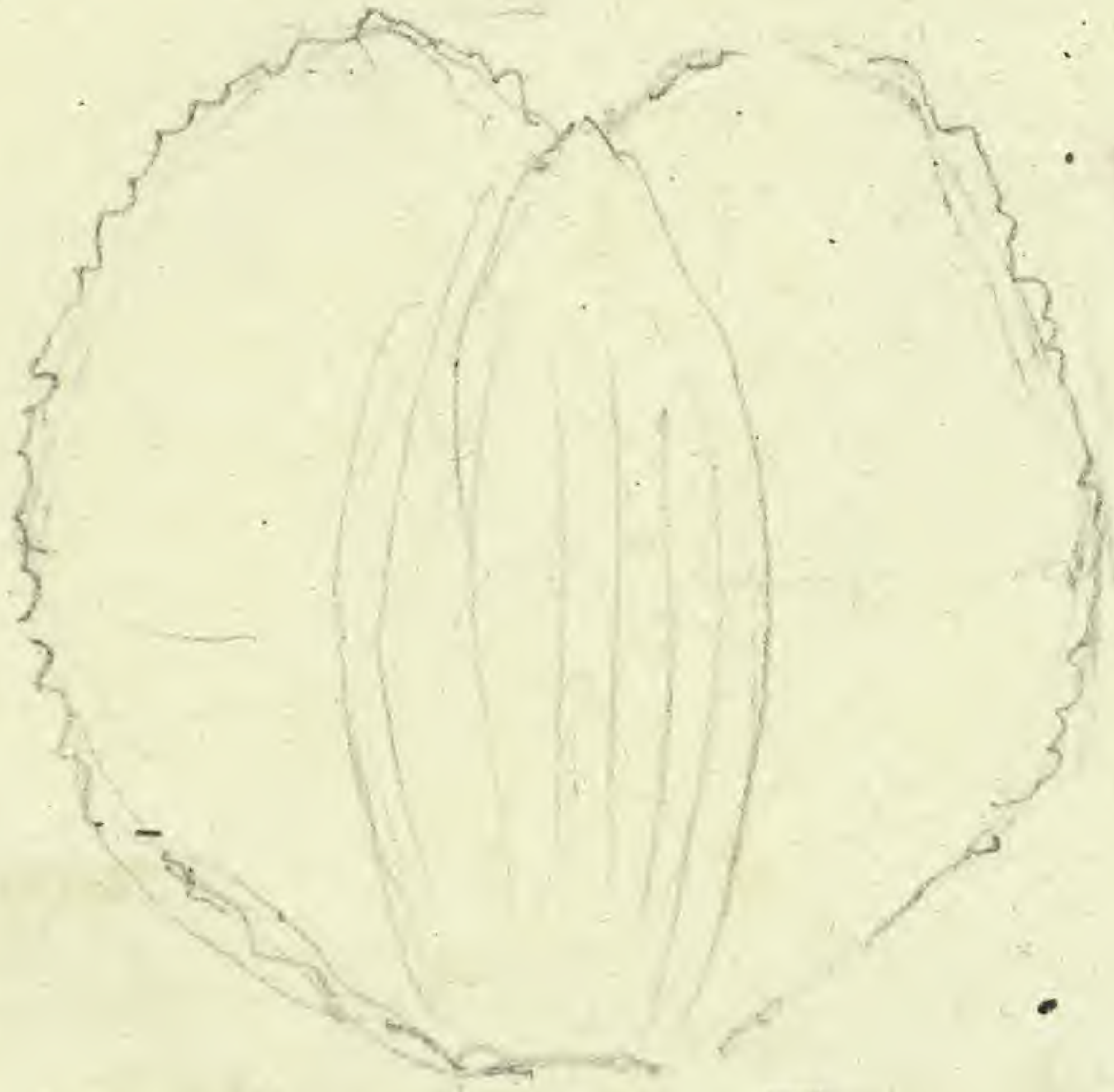
20.	0.0	—0.1	—0.1	—0.1	[illegible]		[illegible]
30.	+1.3	+1.4	+1.7	+2.1	+2.7	+3.6	+4.9
July 10.	2.6	2.9	3.5	4.3	5.5	7.2	9.7
20.	4.1	4.5	5.3	6.4	8.1	10.5	14.0
30.	5.6	6.2	7.1	8.5	10.5	13.5	17.8
Aug. 9.	7.2	7.8	8.8	10.4	12.7	16.0	20.8
19.	8.9	9.5	10.5	12.2	14.6	18.0	23.1
29.	10.5	11.1	12.1	13.7	16.1	19.6	24.7
Sept. 8.	12.0	12.6	13.5	15.1	17.4	20.7	25.6
18.	13.3	13.8	14.7	16.1	18.1	21.2	25.8
28.	14.3	14.8	15.5	16.8	18.6	21.3	25.4
Oct. 8.	15.0	15.3	16.0	17.0	18.5	20.8	24.4
18.	15.1	15.4	15.9	16.7	17.9	19.8	22.7
28.	14.7	14.9	15.3	15.8	16.8	18.2	20.5
Nov. 7.	13.5	13.6	13.9	14.3	14.9	15.9	17.6
17.	11.5	11.6	11.7	11.9	12.4	13.1	14.2
27.	8.8	8.8	8.9	9.0	9.2	9.6	10.4
Dec. 7.	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.8	6.2
17.	+1.5	+1.5	+1.5	+1.5	+1.5	+1.6	+1.7
27.	—2.5	—2.5	—2.5	—2.6	—2.6	—2.7	—2.8

Ephedra alata
Algiers, Cosson

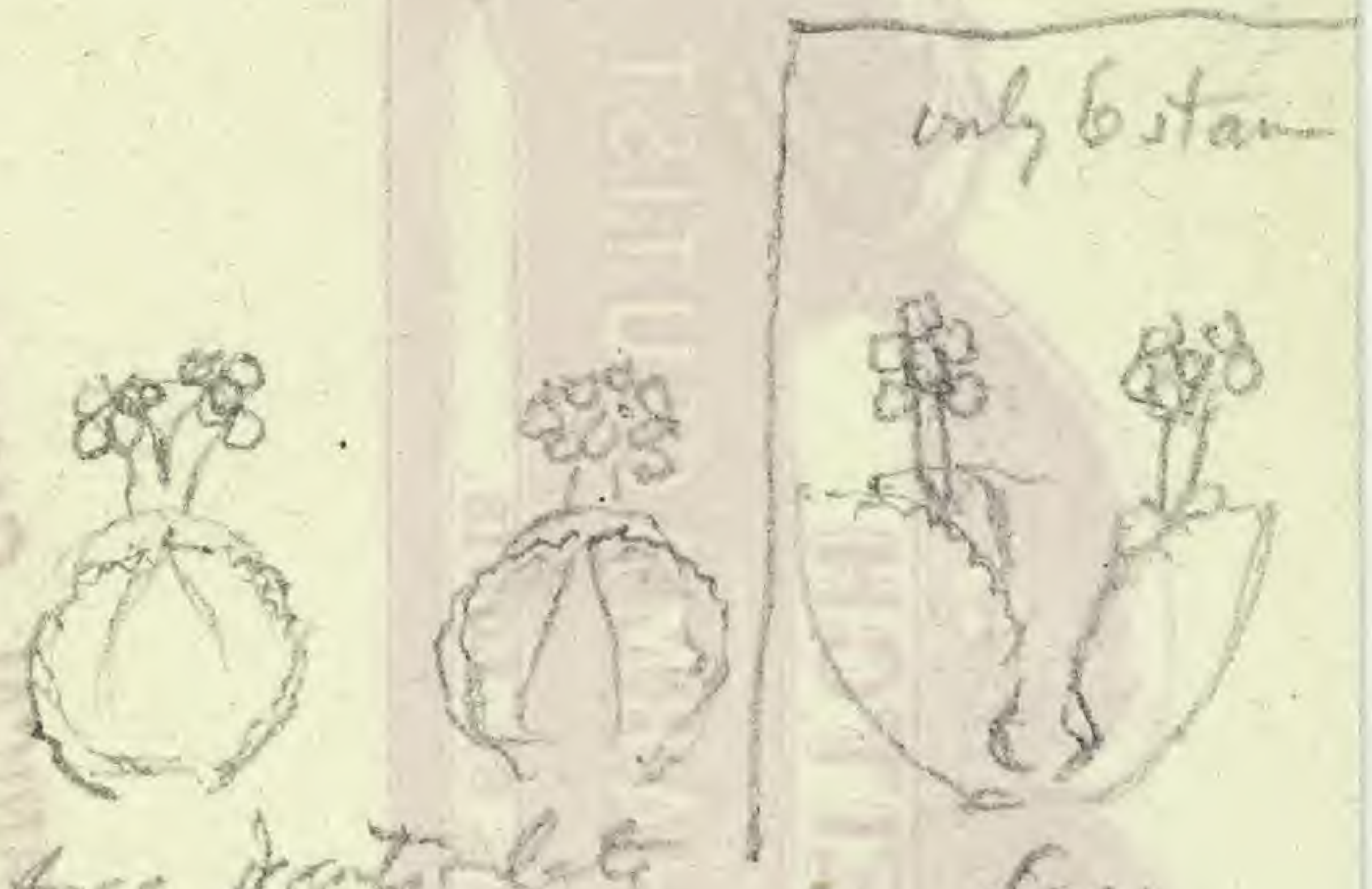
June 28 1882



2 nuts
triangular
not longer than bracts



inner bracts
sessile, scarcely
connate
about 5-7 pairs of
circular bracts
emarginate above
denticulate



Suez marsh

free denticulate
scales
perigon scarcely exserted or not
anthers about 8 often
in 2 bundles
only species known to me
in which the male bracts
are not connate

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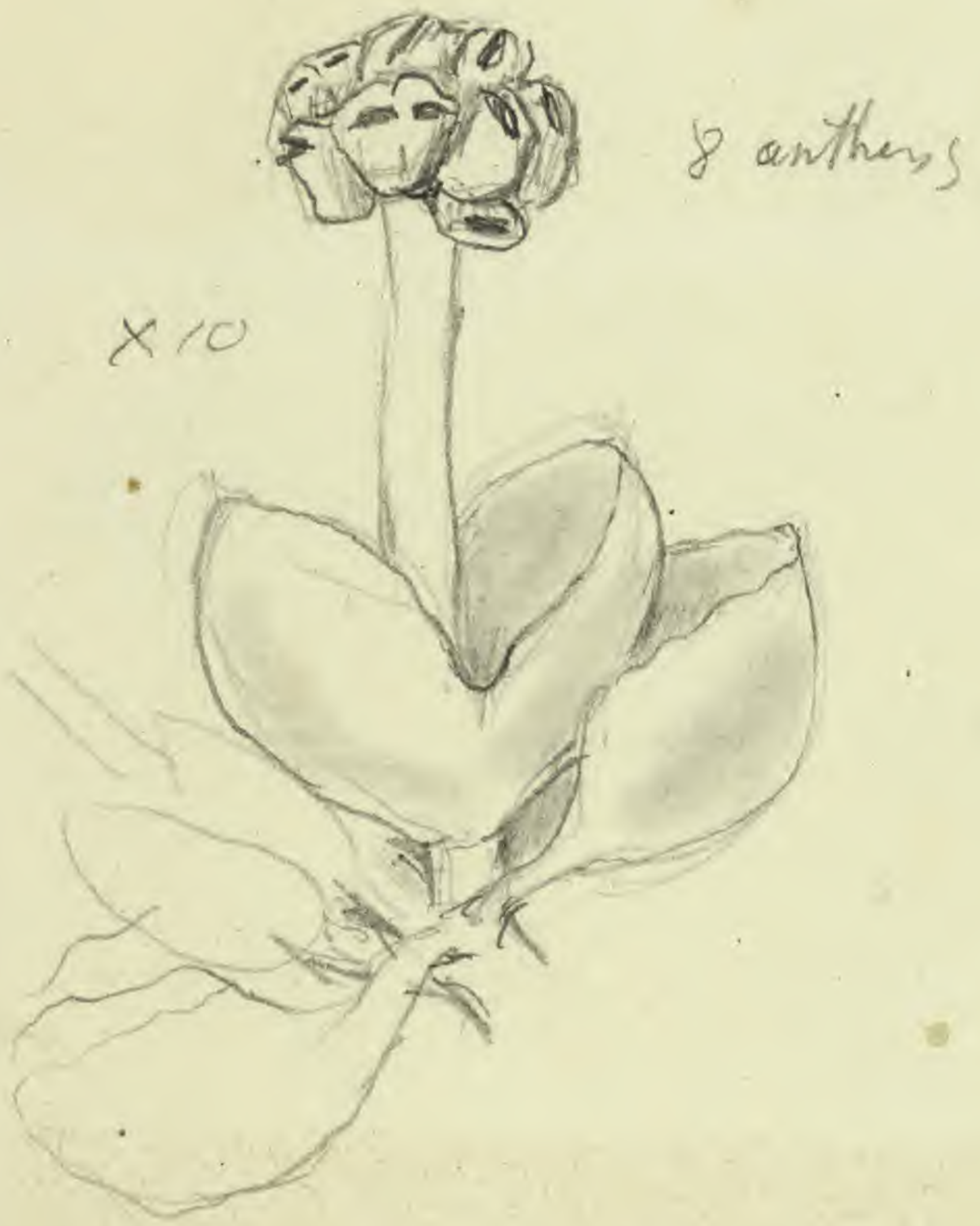
APOTHECARY & PHARMACEUTIST
COR. 4TH & OLIVE STS. ST. LOUIS.

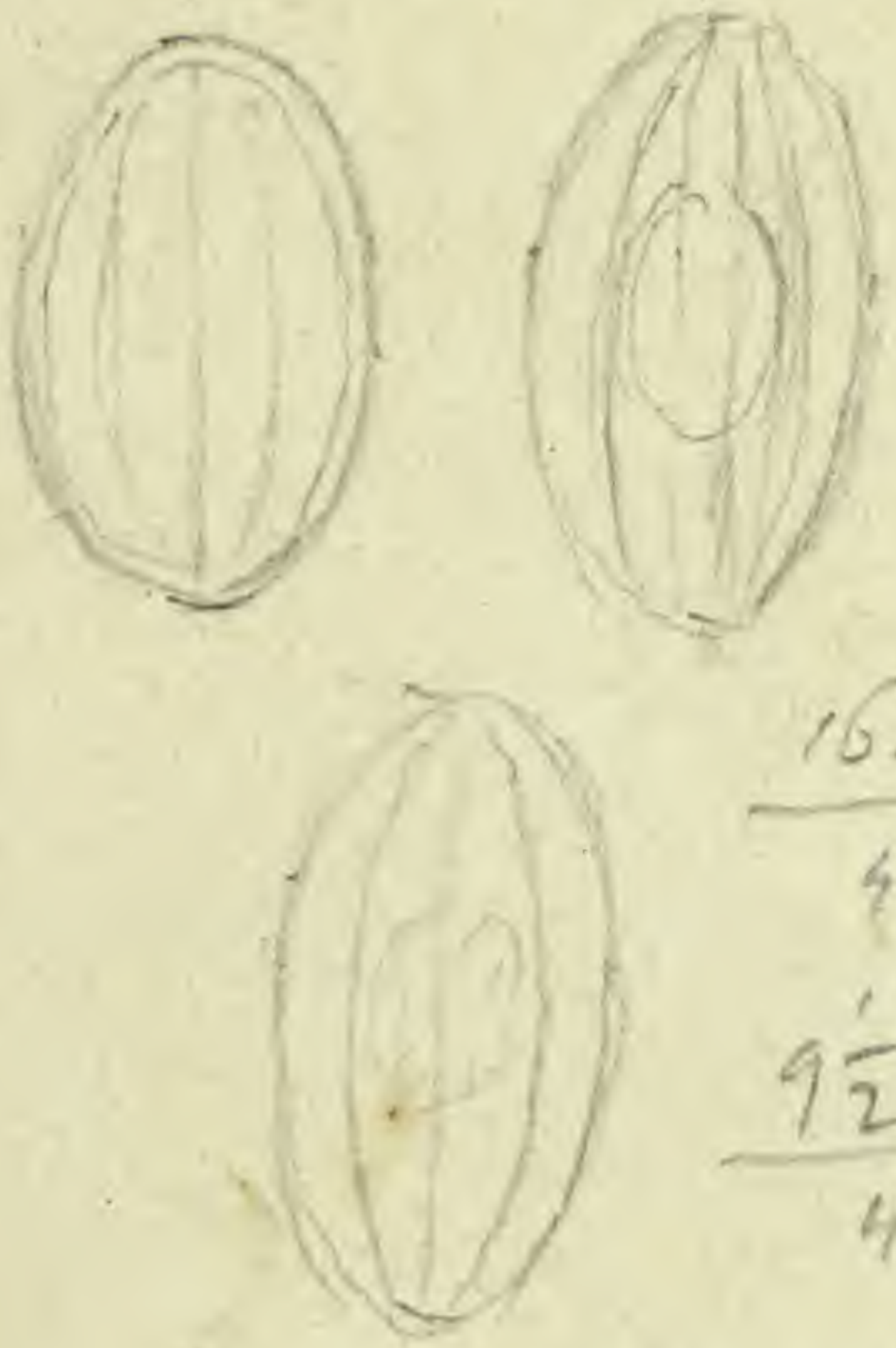
Ephedra alata 30 J— 1864
Algiers



sessile
3–8 anthers in each flower.

fem. ament with about 7 pair of membranaceous 2 keeled winged scales, fleshy in the middle & 2 unequal (one abortive?) or probably typically 3$^{2}_{1}$) seeds in centre

not rarely 8 anthers



$\frac{16-18^{mm}}{4'5} = 0.039-0.044^{mm}$

$\frac{9\frac{1}{2}-10^{m}}{4'5} = \overset{0}{0},023-0.024^{mm}$

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13463

ALL THE NEW REMEDIES CONSTANTLY ON HAND

ALEX. LEITCH,
APOTHECARY & CHEMIST,
Cor. 4th and Olive Sts., St. Louis.

CHEMIST
A. L.

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MISSOURI
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E. altissima

870

Saunders Cop.

Vol. III. **27.** No. 3.

Science Observer.

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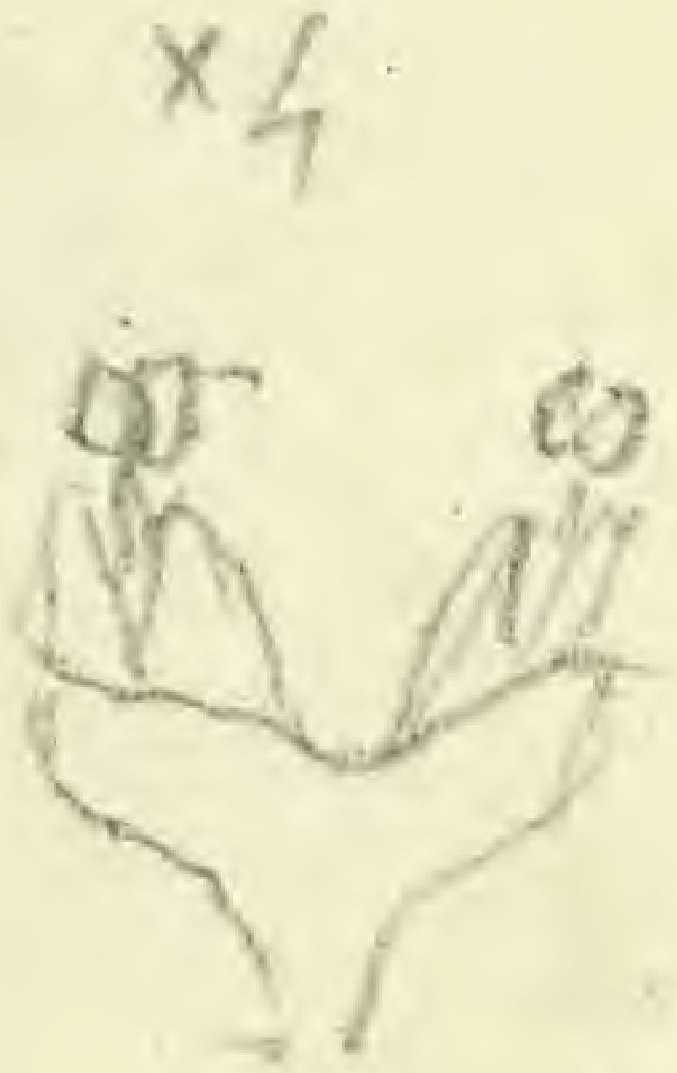
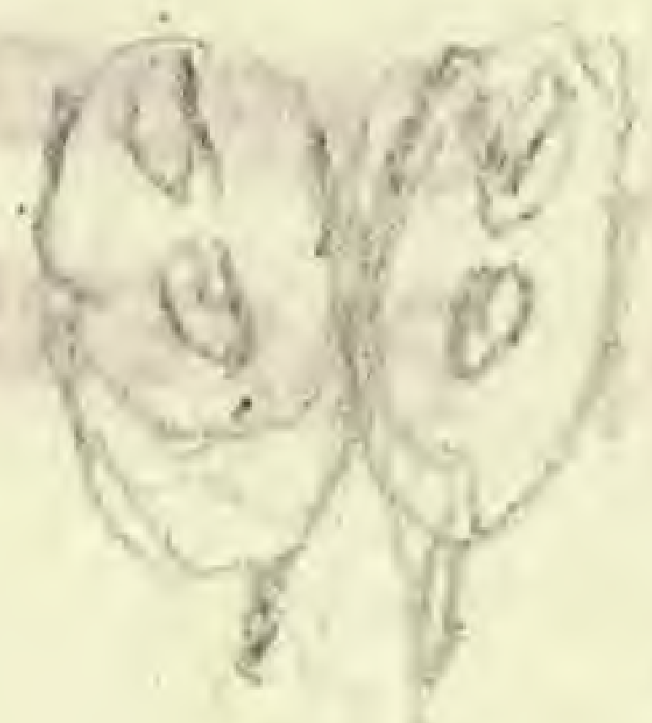
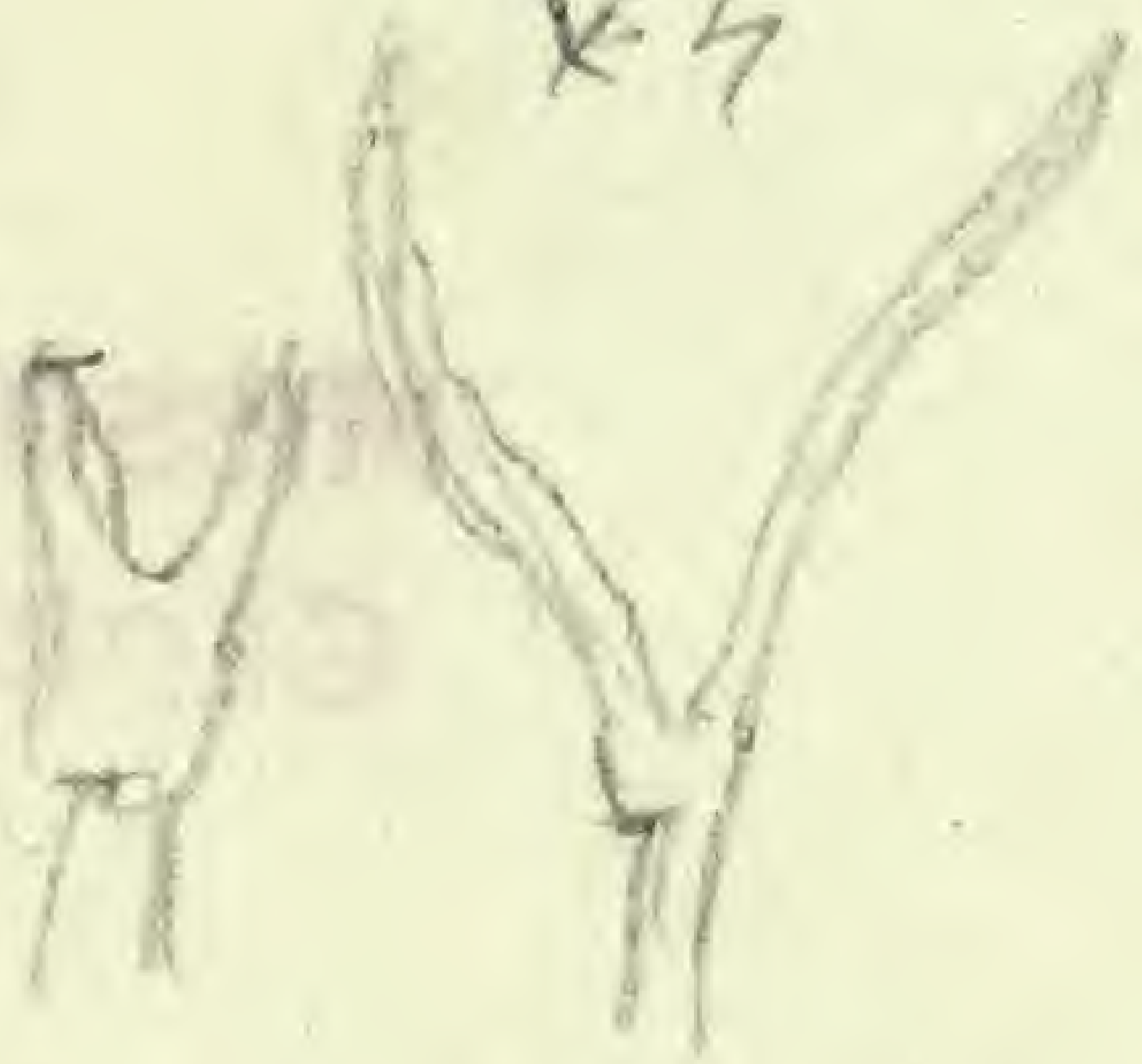
Ephedra altissima!
Oran, H.G. Webb

June 28 1882







2 connate
anthers

Branching ascents
exsert perigon

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13465

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and others. Where greater precision is required, a still further correction is to be applied to the observed time, on account of the difference of latitude from 42° 20′. This can easily be done by using the following tables, which give the correction necessary to the observed time, for each *degree* difference in latitude. The proper correction can be found by multiplying the difference between the latitude of place of observation, expressed in degrees and decimals, by the quantity in the table corresponding to the date and the interval between the observations. The resulting correction is to be *added algebraically* when the place is *south* of Boston, and *subtracted algebraically* when it is *north.*

For Observations Morning and Afternoon of same Day.				For Observations Afternoon of one day and Morning of next.			
4h.	8h.	12h.		12h.	16h.	18h.	20h.
s.	s.	s.		s.	s.	s.	s.
+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	January 1	— 0.2	— 0.3	— 0.4	— 0.6
0.4	0.4	0.5	February 1	0.5	0.8	1.2	1.8
0.5	0.6	0.7	March 1	0.7	1.1	1.6	2.4
0.5	0.6	0.7	April 1	0.7	1.1	1.6	2.5
0.4	0.5	0.6	May 1	0.6	0.9	1.2	1.9
+ 0.2	+ 0.2	+ 0.2	June 1	— 0.2	— 0.4	— 0.5	— 0.8
— 0.1	— 0.1	— 0.1	July 1	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	+ 0 3	+ 0.4
0.3	0.4	0.5	August 1	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.6
0.5	0.6	0.7	September 1	0.7	1.1	1.5	2.3
0.5	0.6	0.8	October 1	0.8	1.1	1.6	2.5
0.4	0.5	0.6	November 1	0.6	1.0	1.3	1.6
— 0.2	— 0.2	— 0.3	December 1	+ 0.3	+ 0.4	+ 0.6	+ 0.9

E. procera

859

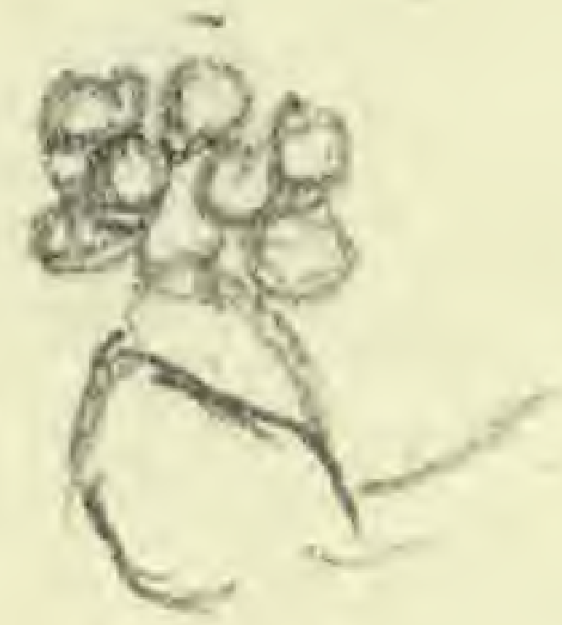
13466

20.	10.0	10.5	11.3	12.8	14.0	15.8	18.4	22.5
30.	12.7	13.5	14.7	17.0	18.6	21.2	24.9	30.3
Aug. 9.	14.8	16.0	17.7	20.8	23.1	26.5	31.3	39.0
19.	16.5	18.0	20.3	24.3	27.3	31.6	37.7	47.3
29.	17.6	19.6	22.6	27.5	31.1	36.3	43.8	55.3
Sept. 8.	18.3	20.7	24.3	30.2	34.6	40.7	49.4	62.8
18.	18.4	21.2	25.4	32.2	37.1	44.1	53.8	68.8
28.	18.2	21.3	26.0	33.6	39.1	46.7	57.4	73.8
Oct. 8.	17.4	20.8	25.9	33.9	39.8	47.9	59.2	76.5
18.	16.2	19.8	25.0	33.4	39.5	47.7	59.3	77.0
28.	14.6	18.2	23.5	31.7	37.7	45.8	57.1	74.4
Nov. 7.	12.6	15.9	20.8	28.5	34.1	41.6	52.1	68.1
17.	10.1	13.1	17.3	24.0	28.8	35.3	44.3	58.0
27.	7.4	9.6	12.9	18.0	21.7	26.6	33.6	44.0
Dec. 7.	4.4	5.8	7.8	9.2	13.3	16.3	20.6	27.1
17.	—1.2	—1.6	—2.2	—3.0	—3.7	—4.5	—5.7	— 7.5
27.	+2.0	+2.7	+3.7	+5.1	+6.2	+7.6	+9.6	+12.7

Ephedra procera June 28 1882

Persia

Kotschy 417



perigon scarcely exsert

anthers 7 on slightly exsert stipe.

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April 1879

Ephedra

Ephedra antisyphilitica, Berland (it seems that B. gave the name in his labels, (but not in my authentic autograph label!) but the first publication was by C. A Meyer) a much - usually verticillately - and intricately branched low shrub with gray shreddy bark of stem and green and somewhat rough branchlets; leaves in twos, mostly very short, & subulate, but in vigorous shoots or seedling plants 1/3 - 1/2 inch long, linear; Male aments [I discard the word "sterile" for "male" absolutely, for if any thing is the representative of fertility in the vegetable world it is the Pollen, the exciting agent; we might just as well call the male animal "sterile"] sessile, often clustered; stipe of the anthers short stout & exsert, the anthers mostly 8, the lower ones sessile, the upper ones often slightly stipitate; female inflorescence subsessile or slightly peduncled, with 3-4 pairs of ovate acutish scales connate below fleshy slightly margined, and often a few pairs of smaller, distinct ones below the inner ones gradually larger; nuts mostly in 2s ~~[illegible]~~ ovate, acute, moderately exsert.

Mexico as far south as Buenavista, and northward (Gregg) Texas Berlandier, Lindheimer, Hall [By the way Berlandiers locality is on the Rio Frio, which is in Texas on the way from "Laredo to Bexar" not in Coahuila] Utah (Parry 251, male only) Arizona (Palmer, seed only, and male sp. 248, from Camp Grant) Nevada (H Engelmann, Watson) California (Cooper Fort Mohave, ? Mono Lake Bolander, ? Santa Barbara Brewer 241)

This is what I consider the original E. antisyphilitica

E. pedunculata n. sp., a slender, loosely branched shrub, with long straggling, ~~often~~ pendulous, branches; leaves as in the last; male aments sessile or peduncled, common stipe of anthers slender, long exsert, anthers 3-6 or more rarely 8 ~~all~~ stipitate; female aments mostly (often long) peduncled, with about 3 pairs of broadly ovate ~~acutish~~ scales (and several ~~[illegible]~~ pairs of smaller ones below them) connate below, rather fleshy, the inner ones gradually larger; nuts mostly in twos (unripe) not much exceeding the inner scales.

Texas on the Rio Frio Parry Oct 1851 in flower and young fruit (it therefore flowers several times in the year, March to May and often again in Autumn). San Luis Potosi

13468

2. Ephedra

No. 855

Mexico, Parry 1878. Rio Frio in the same locality as Berlandier's type, from which the slender habit and the male flowers distinguish this form.

I had considered this = E. Torreyana

E. variabilis n. sp. leaves in 2s or 3s often on the same specimen; short, with broad membranaceous margins; male aments sessile; common filament ~~stalk~~ exsert, bearing ~~about~~ 8 ~~sessile or nearly sessile~~ anthers, ~~; female aments~~ the lower ones sessile, the upper ones long stipitate female aments sessile, 4 pairs of membranaceous scales; orbicular, contracted at base and scarcely connate, together with the lanceolate acute single ovary (and nut?) rough,

Southern Utah, Parry 249 N Mexico, Wright 1882 & 1883. & Frontera, Parry 1852

Arizona, Fort Whipple Coues & Palmer ("a shrub 10-16 feet high")

var. brachysperma seeds smooth, short and thick

Palmer (~~Arizona~~ near S. Diego?) seeds only, Watson comm. sub nom. E. Californica. this I consider distinct, i.e. E. Californica.

I had called this E. Torreyana (referred to by Torrey in Bot. Mex. Bound.)

E. scariosa n. sp. ~~foliis ternis, brevia~~ leaves in threes, short, with broad membranaceous margins; male aments sessile; the common stipe of anthers apparently not exsert (too young?); 5-8 stipitate anthers; female aments sessile consisting of numerous large hyaline membranaceous ~~large~~ orbicular stipitate bracts denticulate on the margin; 1-3 (mostly 3 in my only specimen) lanceolate long pointed (immature) ~~fruit~~ nuts. Near Fronteras (n. 1883 Wright); El Paso (Bigelow); Sa Fe (80 Rothrock)

Southern Utah, Parry No 250 1874

E. trifurca Torr. ~~Shrub~~ shrub with numerous erect often spinous-pointed branches; long subulate leaves in 3s; much longer than the male aments; female sessile, surrounded by ~~num~~ numerous circular hyaline, stipitate unguiculate bracts, with ~~smooth~~ entire edges; single seeds lanceolate, long pointed.

Dr. Wislizenus 1846 in July without fl or fr. Valverde, below Albuquerque in sandy soil; Frontera, Parry April 1852 beginning to flower; Wright N Mex 1884

Mojave agency, Arizona (n. 523½ Palmer, 1876)

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Ephedra antisyphilitica   April 1879

Typ. Berlandier Rio frio — Lindh. Guadalupe — Austin Hall

Mexico Gregg Buena Vista & Mapimi — Castaneda

Utah Parry 251 ? male only

Arizona Palmer seeds   male sp. 248 Palmer (Camp Grant

Nevada H. Engelm. Simpson Exped.

California Cooper, Fort Mohave

? Brewer 347   Santa Barbara ?

? Monolake Bolander

E. variabilis n sp

South Utah Parry 1874 No 249

Arizona Coues & Palmer 1865. 570.

Frontera. April 52 Parry   "10–16 feet high"

Wright N Mex No 1882 & 1883

van bushy specimens.

? Palmer Arizona ? 1867 seed only

Watson sub nom Californica mis

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Mrs Swalin 1107 Olive St

Brod	10.15 10 1	1.40
Kniff	35 30	65
Eis	10	1 10
Butt	70	1 55
fruit	30	4 70
Birch	50	
Tinning	80	
Vogel	25	

13470

Strassburger Conif. & Gnet. 1872

p.76 The uppermost pairs of leaves in Ephedra [including the fruit] become fleshy, and mostly bright red.

p.77 The outer integument is thickened and at last ligneous

This outer integument is to me (Strasb.) a carpel, (Fruchtknotenwandung), the inner an "integument"

p.79. Van Tieghem finds that the germ (Samenknospe) or ovule arises from a single two nerved carpel, which bears its ovule on the base of the upper side. But it appears plain that two carpellary leaves enter into the composition of this carpel

p.80 The (fem.) flowers appear in the axils of the two uppermost bracts (in E. campylopoda)

p.87 In Eph. altissima is only one ♀ fl., we therefore find no terminal cone (Vegetationskegel) between two flowers as in E. campylopoda, but the flower is really terminal — similar to Taxus, while E. campyl. is similar to Torreya.

---

p.88 The fruit is a nut and has several faint ridges corresponding to the number of vessel-bundles

The cell wall of the nucellus forms in the fruit a 3^d very thin, brown, membrane

13471

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April 20 1879

Ephedra

Ephedra pedunculata [var of ant ?] n. sp. Rio Frio Texas to San Luis Potosi Parry 1851 Parry 1879 No 855

folia bina. Ament ♂ sessil s. pedunculato; stipite antherarum communi longe exerto (gracili), antheris singulis 3–6 rarius 8 ~~[illegible]~~ stipitatis; ament ♀ plerumque longius pedunculato, pedunculo squamoso; squamis amenti propriis sub 6, 2 superioribus lato ovatis acutiusculis margine membran. gradatim longioribus ~~exteriores multo excedentibus~~ — nuculis plerumque binis (immaturis) vix brevioribus

Texas, Rio Frio, Oct 1851 Parry. San Luis Potosi 1879 Parry

Ephedra antisyphilitica C. A. Meier folia bina — Ament ♂ sessil. stipite antherarum communi breviter exerto antheris singulis subsessilibus sub 8; ament ♀ sessilibus s. breviter pedunculatis; squamis amenti propriis ~~[illegible]~~ 6–8 lato ovatis, acutiusculis subcarnosis, margine tenui, superioribus gradatim majoribus, nuculis plerumque binis exertis ovatis acutis

Texas, Mexico, Utah, Nevada California

E. variabilis n. sp. folia bina ternave, ~~margine~~ membranacea, amenta ♂ sessil. stipite anther. comm. exerto, antheris (~~singulis~~) 5–8 inferioribus sessilibus superioribus longius stipitatis, ament ♀ sessilibus, squamis vix connatis ~~sessilibus~~ orbiculatis basi contractis vix connatis membranaceis, gradatim majoribus. ~~[illegible]~~ nuculis singulis pyramidatis acutatis longius exsertis plus minus ve asperatis S. Utah 249 Parry, Wright N Mex 1882.83

var. ~~[illegible]~~ brachysperma. Semen brevibus bractea minus ~~[illegible]~~ exsertis, Palmer. an solum ex Arizona? Arizona Coues & Palmer 10–16' high Frontera Parry

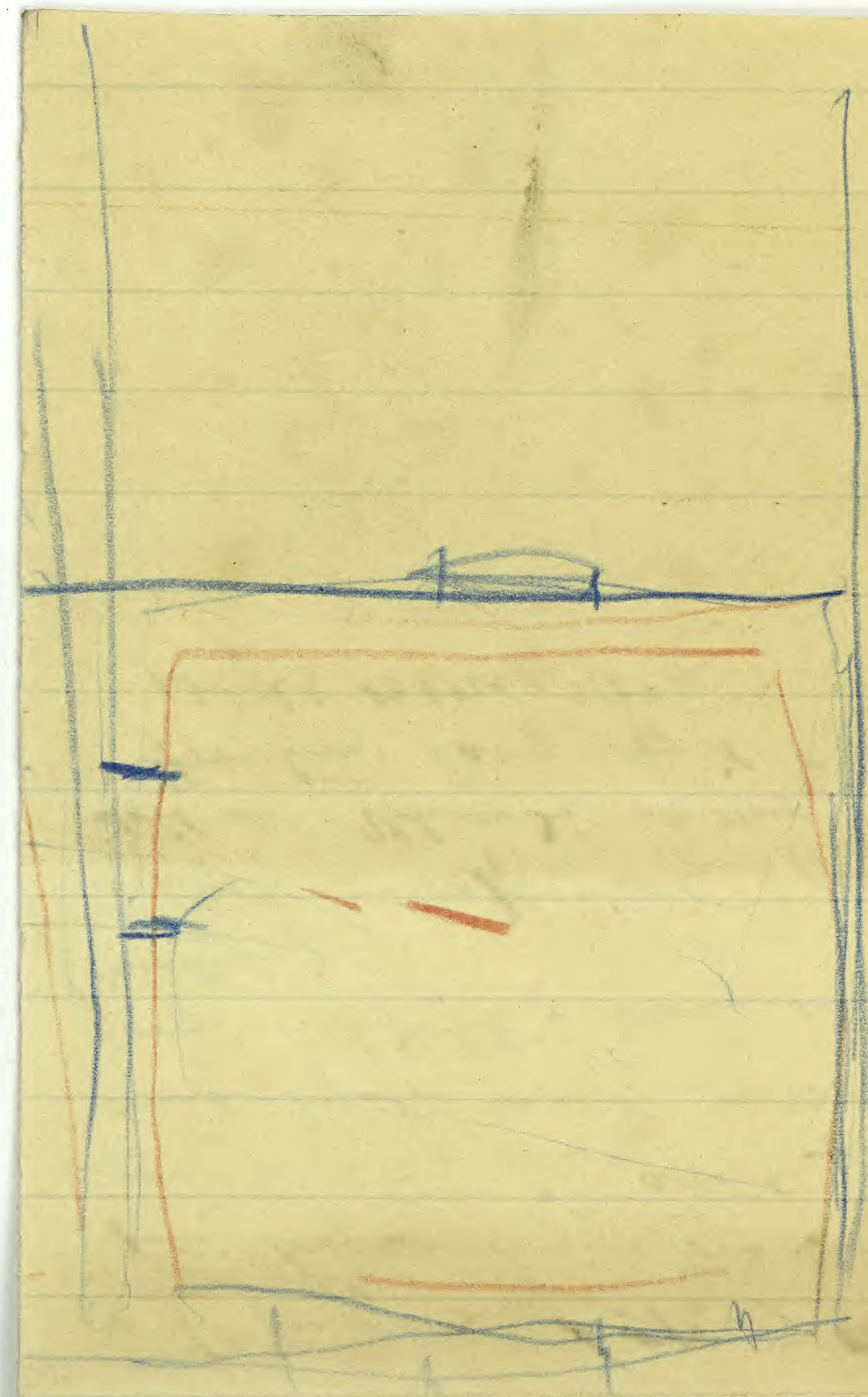
Watson com. ex Californ.

E. scariosa n. sp. South Utah Parry 1874 No 250.

folia terna brevia margine ~~membranacea~~, ament ♂ sessil, stipite anth. com. incluso (immaturo?) antheris 5–8 stipitatis ament ♀ sessil — multibracteatis bracteis hyalino-membran. orbiculatis ~~[illegible]~~ eroso-denticulatis breviter stipitatis sem 1–3, saepius 3 ~~pyramidatis~~ lanceolato-pyramid. (immaturo)

E. trifurca Torr. ~~[illegible]~~ stricta ramosissima ramis spinescentibus folia terna, longiora subulat, ament ♂ sessil (immatur) foliis breviora — ament ♀ sessil multibracteat bract hyalin membr. orbiculat margine integr. longius stipitat; sem. singula lanceolat-pyramidat (immatur).

Wislizenus 1846 in July (without fl & fr) Sandy soil at Ulmerde N Mex
Frontera Parry April 52 just begin to flow
Wright N Mex 1884



13472A
13472B

St. Louis, Mo., April 16 1879

G. Bentham Esq

Dear Sir

I sent you, at the request of Prof Gray, a memorandum about Phoradendron Juniperinum. At that time I could not send any specimens but do so now, as I received today a package of specimens of both sexes, gathered on Libocedrus and sent by Mr Lemmon, whose name is familiar to you, from Sierra Valley. The female seems to be in bloom, but the male is undeveloped yet (in the first week in April! Or does it come from a tree that had been cut down in winter?) At all events the male spikes scariosa smoothish — leaves short, broad scarious

volubilis roughish

pedunculata roughish, subulate leaves in pairs

corticiphila; —

Annila M. Reed

March 1st 1880

13473

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April 3d 1882

Ephedra Californica from San Diego March 31 1882 Dr Parry sent fresh

Leaves always in 3s flowering verticils also often in 3, sometimes less or sometimes more aments, 1 or 2 secondary from the axil of the lowest bracts of the primary one. Aments sessile all the scales orbicular

♂ Male aments with 10 or ~~12~~ ternate verticils of scales, the lowest half very small, orbicular, connate at base; sterile

the upper half or about 5 flower bearing; ~~connate at base~~;

Utri. only short enclosed, anthers scarcely exsert above scales;

4 to 6, the upper ones shortly stipitate, the lowest ones sessile.

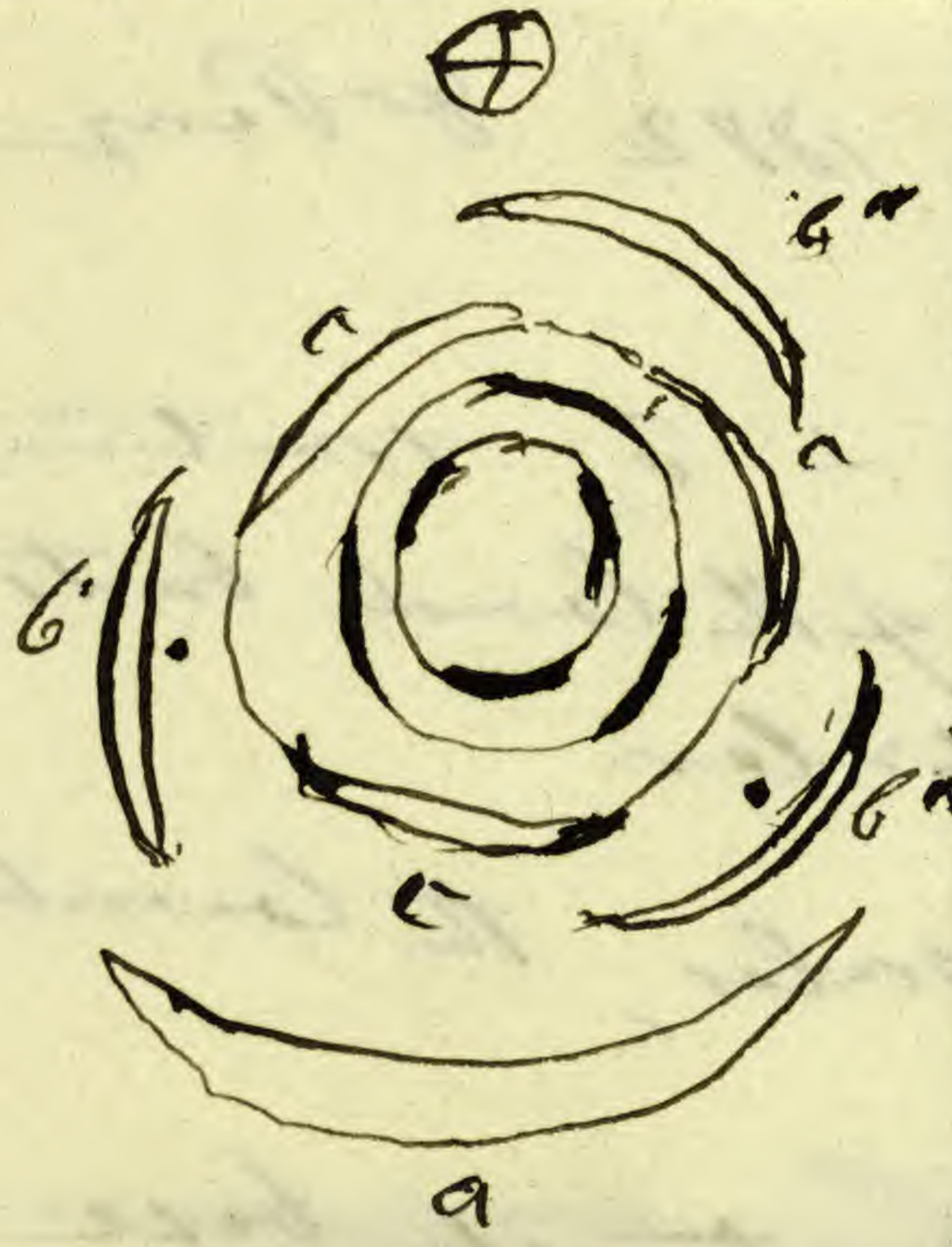
♀ female ament one flowered; also with about 10 verticils of bracts; the lowest ~~xx~~ 3 free, the others connate into 3 lobed cups; the uppermost ones largest and contracted above base into a sort of broad stipe or unguis.

fruit obtuse, single, short exsert above the uppermost bracts

for position of bracts see other side

over

13474



a bract bearing the ament

b b b outermost free (brown) bracts of ament
pushed a little side ways

c c c next, connate verticil of (green) bracts
a little more median

next and following verticils in regular
position so that the odd bract in one
is exactly ventral in the next verticil exactly
dorsal

from the axils of b' and b'' secondary spikelets are
apt to be developed